Q1. The shell script containing functions should be executed in the current

shell.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11325 Subject Name Linux

Q2. OPTIND and OPTARG are unix defined variables.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11332 Subject Name Linux

Q3. Setting made using stty in a shell script are effective only during

the execution of the script.The orignal setting are restored the moment

excution of the script is over.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11344 Subject Name Linux

Q4. To list hidden as well as normal files in thr current directory the command you would use is--

1. ls - a

2. ls - b

3. ls - l

4. None of above.

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11369 Subject Name Linux

Q5. what would be the output of the following program:

name=Sanjay

surname=khare

echo{name=rahul}

echo{middlename+Rahul}

echo${surname-Arora}

1. Sanjay

Blank line

Khare

2. Khare

Blank line

sanjay

3. error

4. none of the above

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11376 Subject Name Linux

Q6. The minium number of links for any directory file are two.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11380 Subject Name Linux

Q7. A common user can not set sticky for his file.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11381 Subject Name Linux

Q8. Setting a sticky bit for a non executable file is meaningless.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11394 Subject Name Linux

Q9. How would you perform the following operation on the contents of a given file.

Replace one or more spaces with a single space

1. 1,$s/[][]\*/[]/g

2. 1,$s/[]\*/[]/g

3. 1,$s/[][]+/[]/g

4. 1,$s/[]+/[]/g

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11399 Subject Name Linux

Q10. The command cat test1 test2 >> test3 would concatenate the contents of test1

and test2 and overwrite the contents of test3 with the concatenated contents.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11400 Subject Name Linux

Q11. Until = 1

while [$until =1]

do

echo until can not be used as veriable name

done

1. No Error,unitl

can be used as veriavle name.

2. untill is reseved word it can`t be used as veriable name.

3. none

4. none

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11402 Subject Name Linux

Q12. How would you perform the following operations on the contents of a given file.

Replace one or more spaces following a fullstop or a comma with two spaces

1. 1,$s/[.,][][]\*/[][]/g

2. 1,$s,[.][,][][]\*/[][]/g

3. 1,$s/[.,][]\*/[]/g

4. 1,$s/[.,][][]+/[]/g

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11404 Subject Name Linux

Q13. Command to create 5 empty files empty1,empty2,empty3,empty4,empty5

1. touch empty1,empty2,empty3,empty4,empty5

2. cat empty1,empty2,empty3,empty4,empty5

3. Both

4. None of above

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11405 Subject Name Linux

Q14. "g/^[[]tab]\*$/d" :command use to delete all the blank lines

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11409 Subject Name Linux

Q15. How would you perform the following operations on the contents of a given file.

insert a> and a space at the start of every line in the file

1. 1,$s/^/>[][]/g

2. 1,$s/>[][]/g

3. 1,$s/^/>[]/g

4. none of the above

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11413 Subject Name Linux

Q16. Which of the following is a popular terminal emulation software

1. VTERM

2. VT100

3. COMIT

4. Perl

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11420 Subject Name Linux

Q17. The program contained in boot block that loads kernel into memory is called

1. Disk Bootstrap program

2. Master Boot program

3. shell program

4. None of above

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11425 Subject Name Linux

Q18. Purpose of .exrc file is convinient way to customize the vi environment and like all

good things you shold put it to utmost use to improve your efficiency .

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11440 Subject Name Linux

Q19. Which command displays the line numbers by the side of each line?

1. set nu

2. set ai

3. set eb

4. set ic

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11446 Subject Name Linux

Q20. while executing a shell script shell acts as a compiler

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11450 Subject Name Linux

Q21. vi has only help can be invocked using F1key

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11452 Subject Name Linux

Q22. To change our existing password we can execute the file /etc/passwd

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11459 Subject Name Linux

Q23. Unix can be ported to a new hardware platform with minimum changes in the unix code

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11461 Subject Name Linux

Q24. Any Shell script by default get executed in the current shell

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11469 Subject Name Linux

Q25. to search a pattern which starts with uni the command would be

1. :/ < uni

2. :/\ < uni

3. : / \ < uni >

4. none

Correct Answer : 2

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11473 Subject Name Linux

Q26. A DOS formatted floopy can be used in UNIX and formated floppy can be used in DOS

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11478 Subject Name Linux

Q27. Once a jopb is submited for printing using lp command we have to take print out even if on second thoughts we realise that we should not have the printed the file

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11487 Subject Name Linux

Q28. What will be the output of the following command.

command:

at now + 15 minutes

clear

is -l

ctrl d

output:

NO OUTPUT.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11492 Subject Name Linux

Q29. The file /bin/sysadmsh can be executed only by the system admin.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11502 Subject Name Linux

Q30. A null variable a can be created using

1. a=

2. a=` `

3. a=`` ``

4. All of above

Correct Answer : 4

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11510 Subject Name Linux

Q31. what will be the output:

command:

at now +1 week < atfile

output:

NO output.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11512 Subject Name Linux

Q32. Which statements are true if the file which contains the following line is

submitted to the crontab command.

10 2 3 \* 0 echo ``There is no substitute for hard work``

1. The message is echoed on the 3rd of every month at 2.10 a.m

2. The message is echoed on the 3rd of every month at 2.10 p.m

3. The message is echoed on the 3rd of every month at 2.10 a.m

if it happens to be a sunday

4. None of the above.

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11513 Subject Name Linux

Q33. The shell meta character $# represents

1. total number of arguments supplied to the shell script

2. total number of files in the current directory

3. total number of users who have logged in

4. total number of process running in the background

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11519 Subject Name Linux

Q34. The command wc -l < aaa displays the no of words present in the

file aaa.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11522 Subject Name Linux

Q35. The state of the file system is contained in

1. Boot block

2. A special block created by Boot Block

3. Super Block

4. None of the above

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11527 Subject Name Linux

Q36. A floppy can be formated only by system administrator

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11539 Subject Name Linux

Q37. It is neccesary to unmount a file system before removing a floppy.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11546 Subject Name Linux

Q38. doscp /usr/aa1/cobol/\* b:/ Command for copy all the files from /usr/aa1/cobol directory to a dos formatted floppy in drive B

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11549 Subject Name Linux

Q39. Unix commands which accept the input from standard input device and

send the output to the standard output device are called "filters".

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11556 Subject Name Linux

Q40. Unix commands which accept the input from standard input device

and send the output to the standard output device are known as

filters.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11557 Subject Name Linux

Q41. Which of the following is not a filter ?

1. head

2. grep

3. tail

4. ls

Correct Answer : 4

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11559 Subject Name Linux

Q42. k=35

echo `[$k -eq 35 ] ``[$k-eq 50]`

1. blank line

2. dotted line

3. error

4. none

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11565 Subject Name Linux

Q43. i=3

if[! -z $i]

then

echo ABC

else

echo abc

fi

1. ABC

2. abc

3. error

4. none

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11566 Subject Name Linux

Q44. To perform the numeric test we must use -ge instead of >=

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11572 Subject Name Linux

Q45. cat < file1 > file2

cat > file2 < file1

Both the commands will show the same result.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11593 Subject Name Linux

Q46. if x=11 and y=6 then exit status of :

[ $x -eq 5 -o $y - ne 3 ]

1. 0

2. 1

3. 11

4. none

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11600 Subject Name Linux

Q47. A file can have links across file system.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11612 Subject Name Linux

Q48. point out error

1. Echo Enter filename

2. read fname

3. if[-rwx $fname]

3. then

4. echo read write and execute permissions

5. fi

1. line 3

2. line 1

3. line 5

4. no error

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11620 Subject Name Linux

Q49. The process id number of the process vhand,bdflush,sched and init are

1. 1,2,3 1nd 4

2. 2,3,0 and 1

3. 3,4,1 and 2

4. 0,1,2 and 3

Correct Answer : 2

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11621 Subject Name Linux

Q50. The daemon process can be killed using using the kill command

Correct Answer : F